NCTA's Freight Rail Coalition Engagement & 6th Utility On Time Performance Shipper Survey

NCTA Spring Conference

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NCTA/FRCA/NRECA Utility Members On Time Performance Survey

NCTA

PSSOCIATION

- On Time Performance (OTP) data from the Shipper Perspective
- Valid (anonymous) data showing different shipper experiences than RR metrics stories
- OTP Transit time service metrics are a value as benchmark and logistics and planning tool for shippers
- Freight Rail
 Customer Alliance

National Rural Electric Cooperative Association

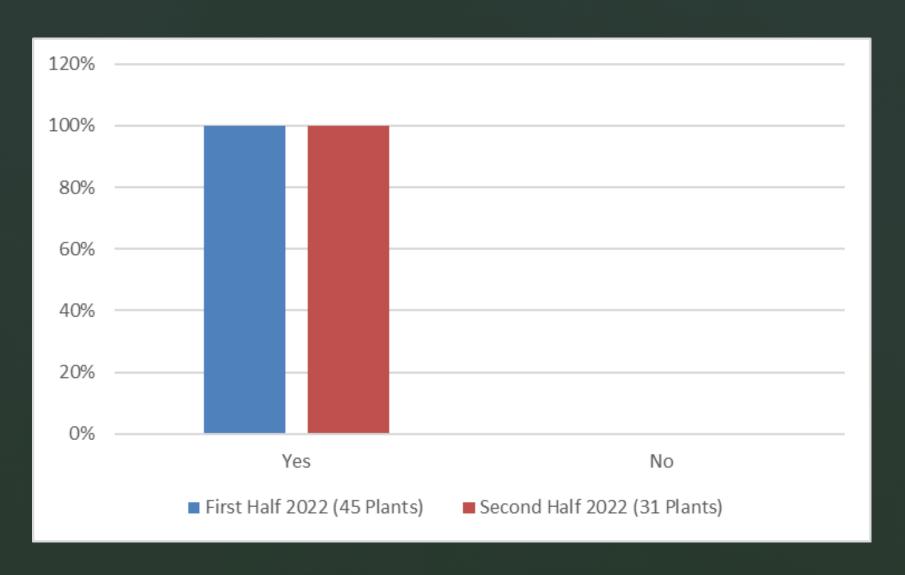
A Touchstone Energy® Cooperative

- OTP data has become useful in dialogue with STB & GAO
 - 1. FRCA written comments submitted to STB Reauthorization hearing March 2022 held by House Railroads, Pipelines & Hazardous Materials (Railroads) Subcommittee.
 - 2. Submitted to Government Accountability Office in response to PSR study and follow up to meetings held with FRCA and WCTL
 - 3. Used in discussions with STB's Rail Energy Transportation Advisory Committee (RETAC)

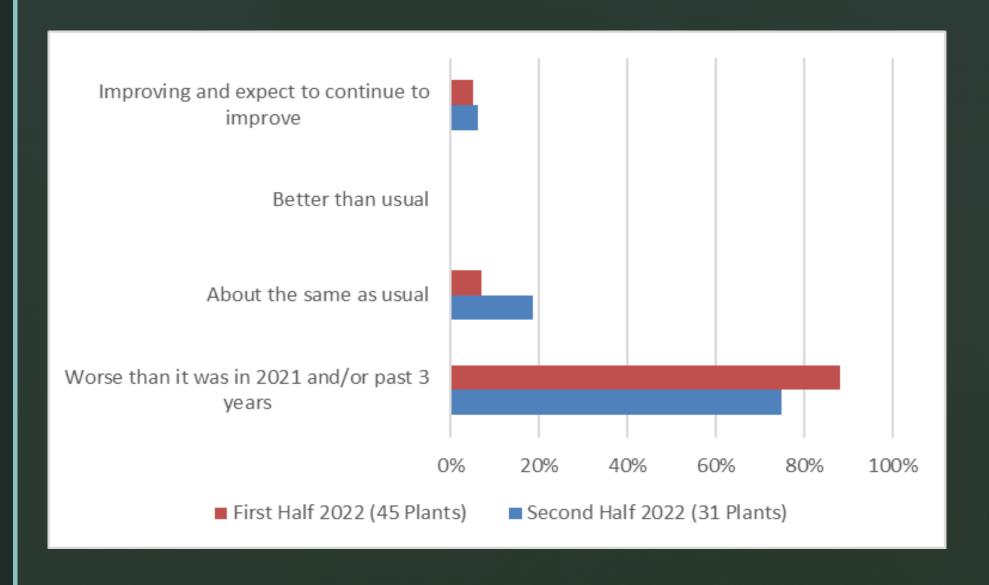
Sixth On Time Performance Utility Shipper Survey July 2022-December 2022

- First Survey: August 2019-July 2020, Second Survey: August 2021-December 2020, Third Survey: January 2021- June 2021, Fourth Survey: July 2021-Dec 2021, Fifth Survey Jan 2022-June 2022.
- Sixth Survey: July 2022-December 2022
 - ✓ Represents 31 Plants
 - ✓ 6 Coal Supply Regions: SPRB, NPRB, Rockies, NAPP, CAPP, ILB
 - ✓ Class I Railroads, Multi Line & Short-line Movements
 - ✓ Mine to plant transit time per serving railroad and coal mine
 - ✓ Voluntary participation Utility member identity confidential

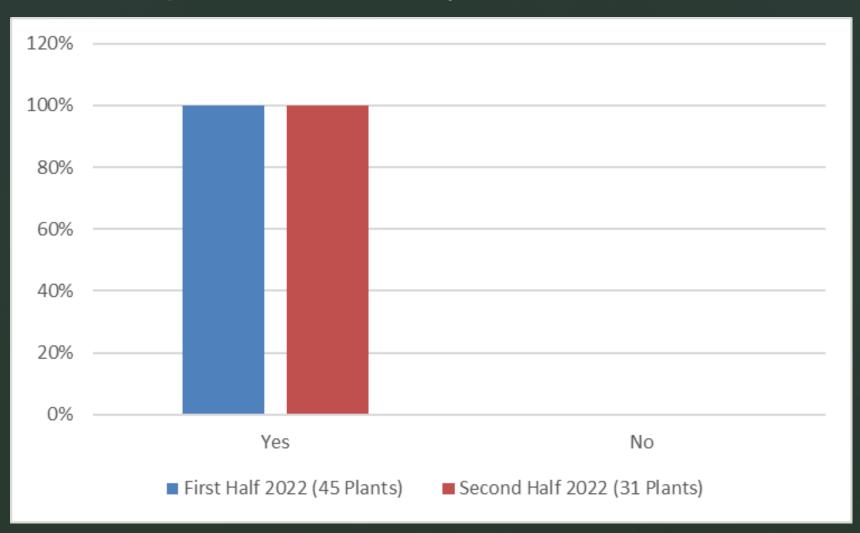
Q1: In 2022 Have Railroad Service Issues Impacted your Company's Coal Transportation?



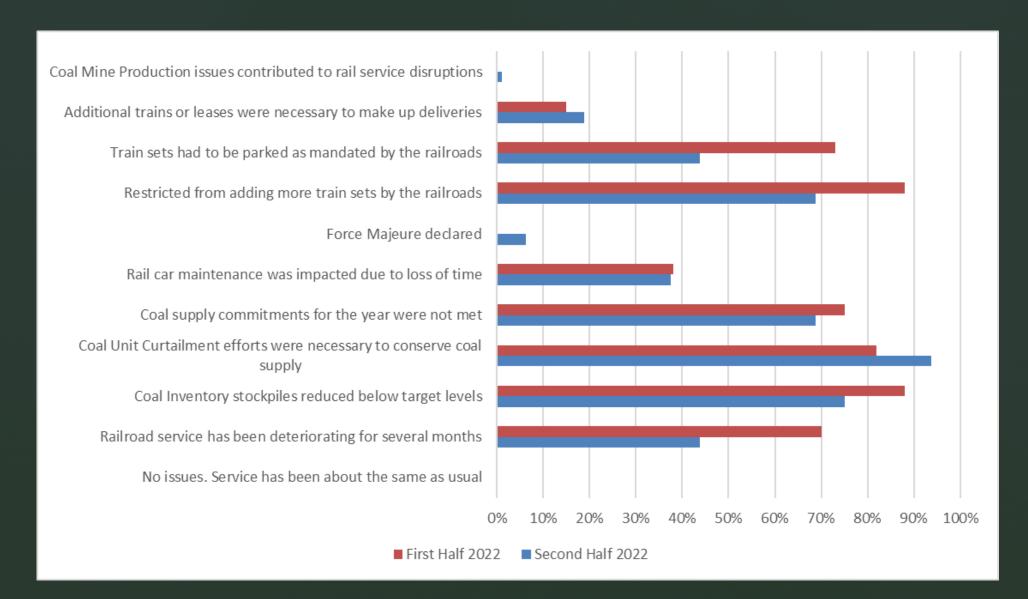
Q 2: How would you describe your railroad service in 2022?



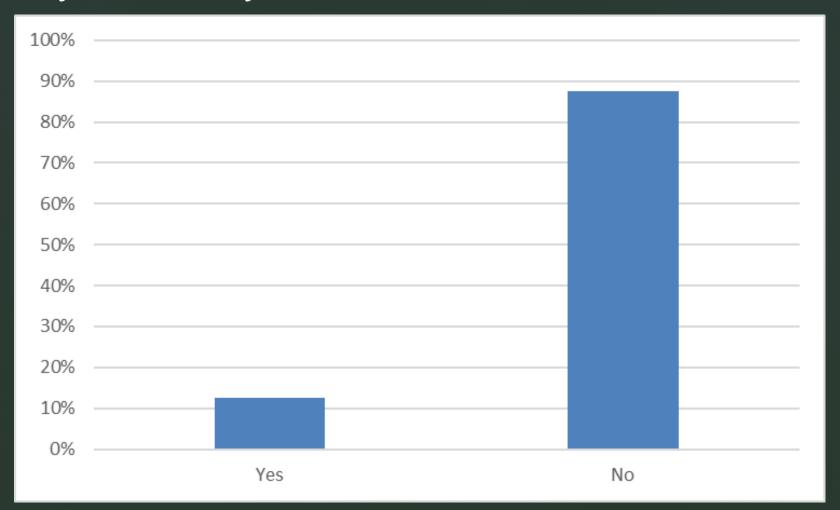
Q3: Has your company modified its operations in the year 2022 due to railroad transportation service issues, disruptions and delays?



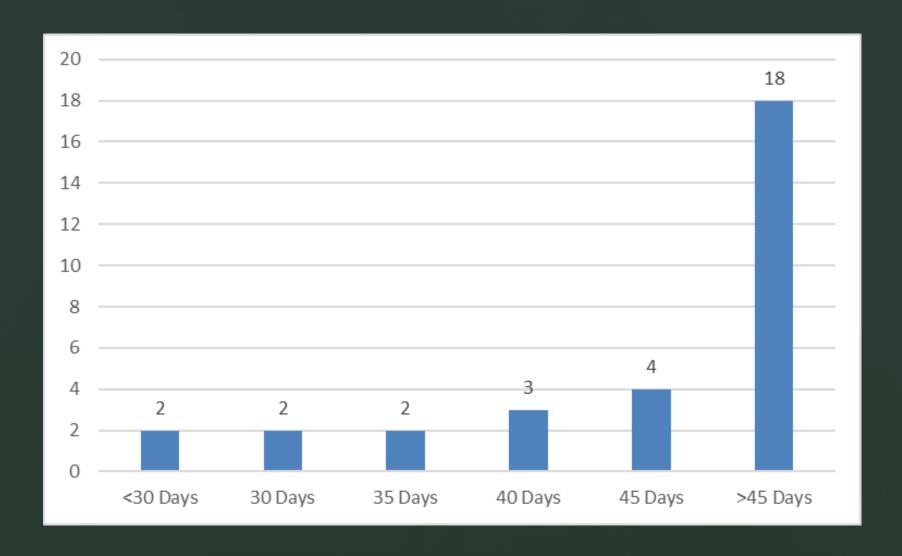
Q4: In what way have your operations been impacted by railroad service issues? Check all that apply: Year 2022 compared



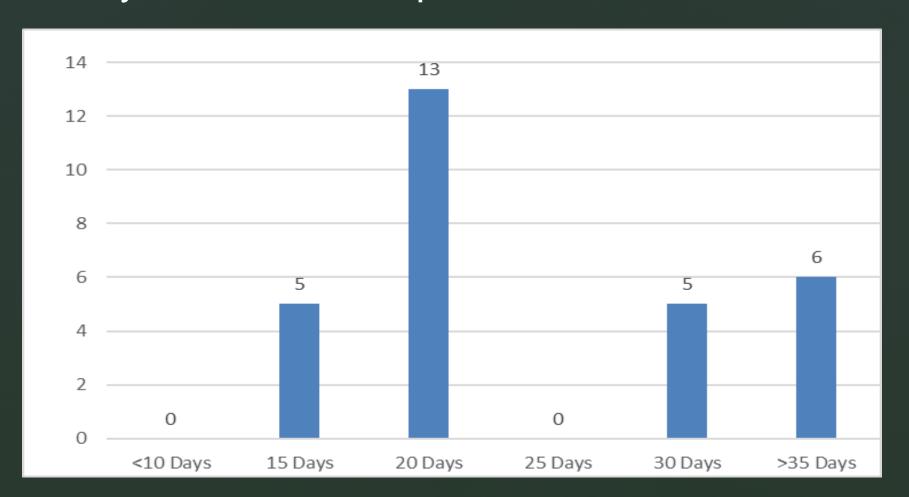
Question 5 & 6: Did coal mine production issues contribute to rail service disruptions for your facility in 2022?



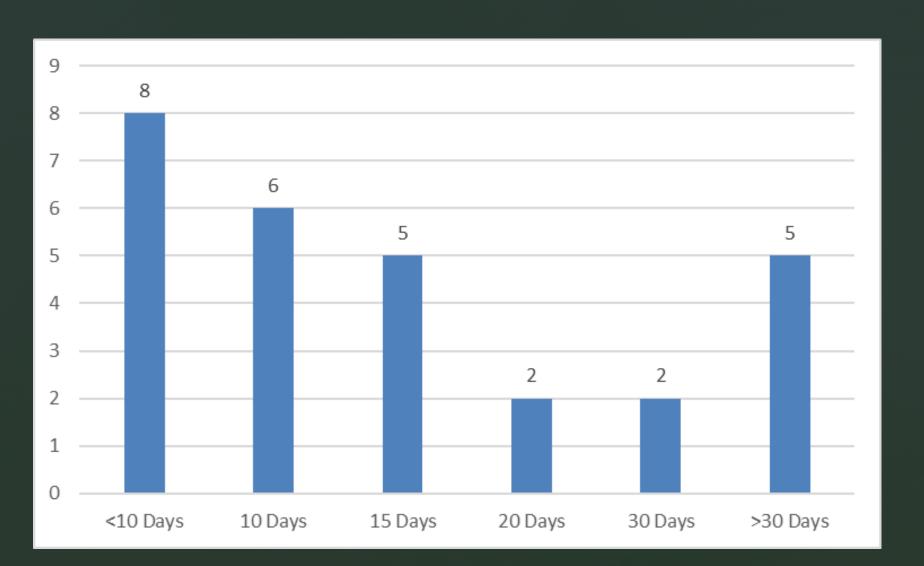
Question 7: What is your target inventory using maximum days of inventory ? 31 Plants Responded



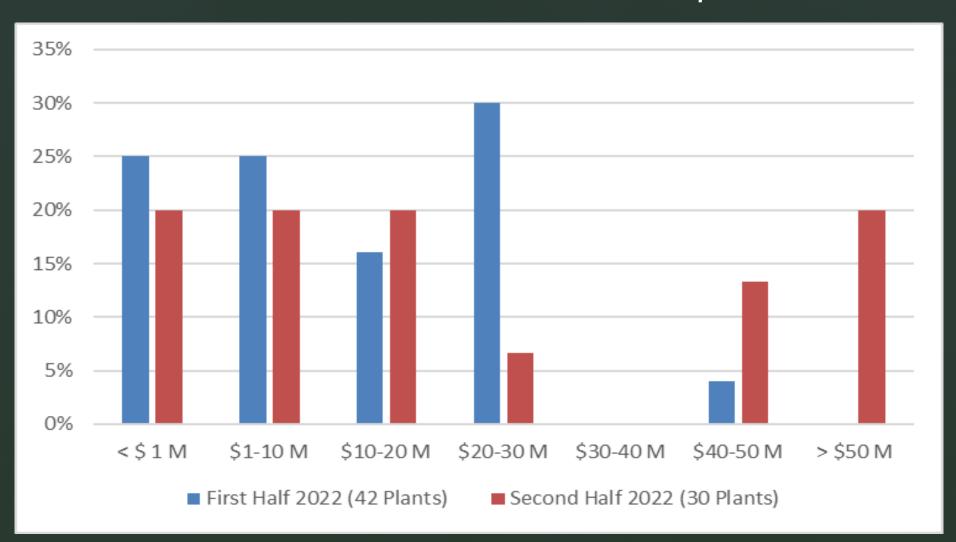
Question 8: What is your threshold inventory for implementing coal conservation using maximum days of inventory? 29 Plants responded



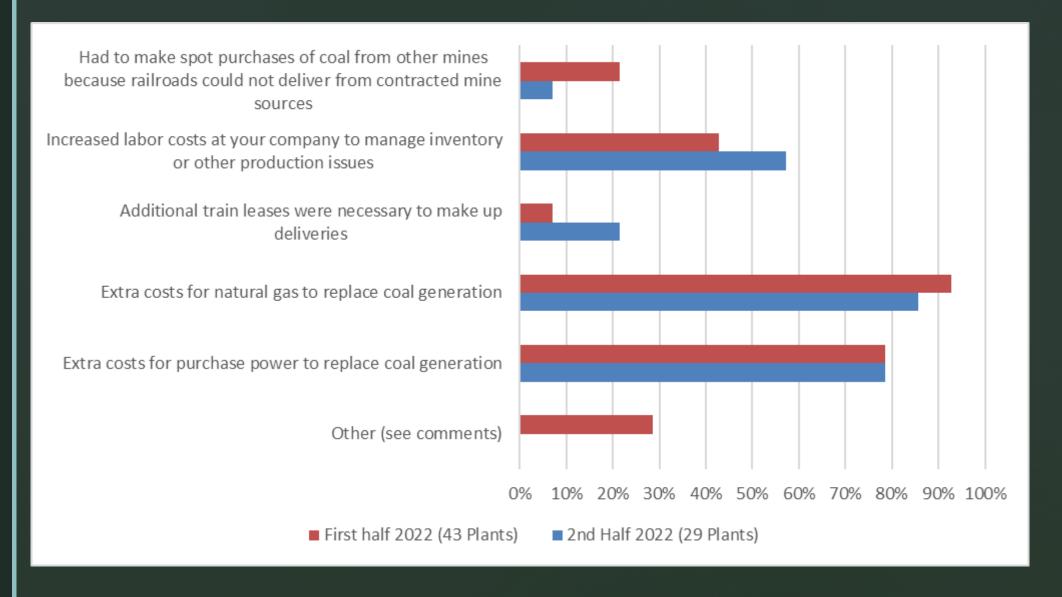
Question 9: What do you consider "Out of Coal" days of maximum burn inventory? 28 Plants Responded, 3 Declined



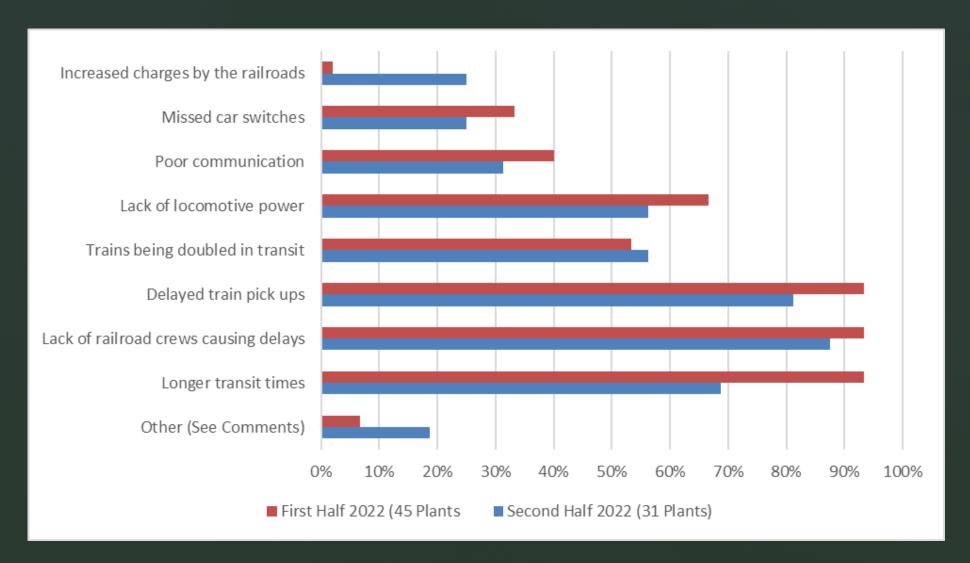
Q10 and 11: Have railroad service issues caused an increase in costs for your company? First Half 2022: Yes: 87% No: 13% Second Half 2022: Yes: 94% No: 6% \$ Ballpark Estimate?



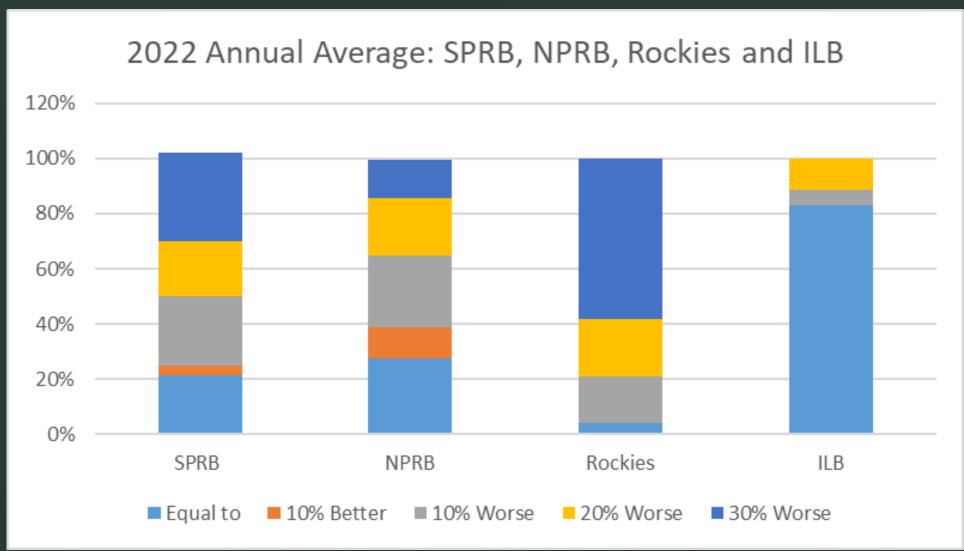
Q 12: Were increased costs incurred due to any of the following? Check all that apply?



Q 13: What kind of railroad service issues have you experienced? Check all that apply

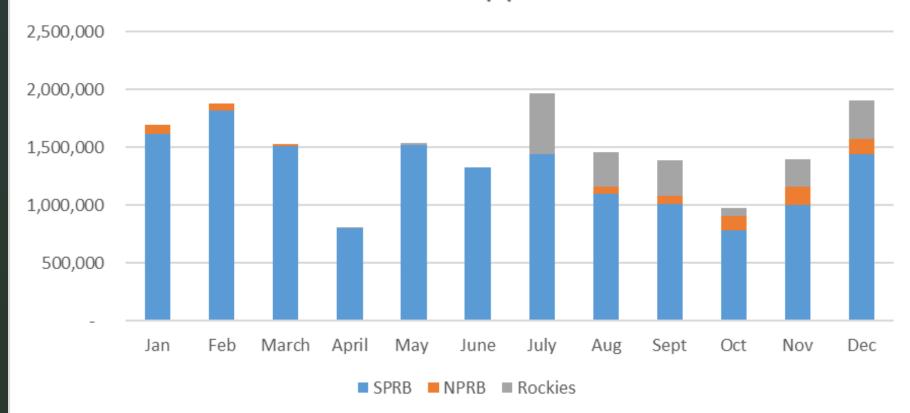


Railroad Service as Compared to Plant Forecast First Half of 2022: 45 Plants Second Half of 2022: 29 Plants (2 declined)



Nominated Volumes of Coal per Plant Request by Month and by Coal Region





Lack Of Trains Cost Wyoming \$100 Million In Coal Revenue In 2022

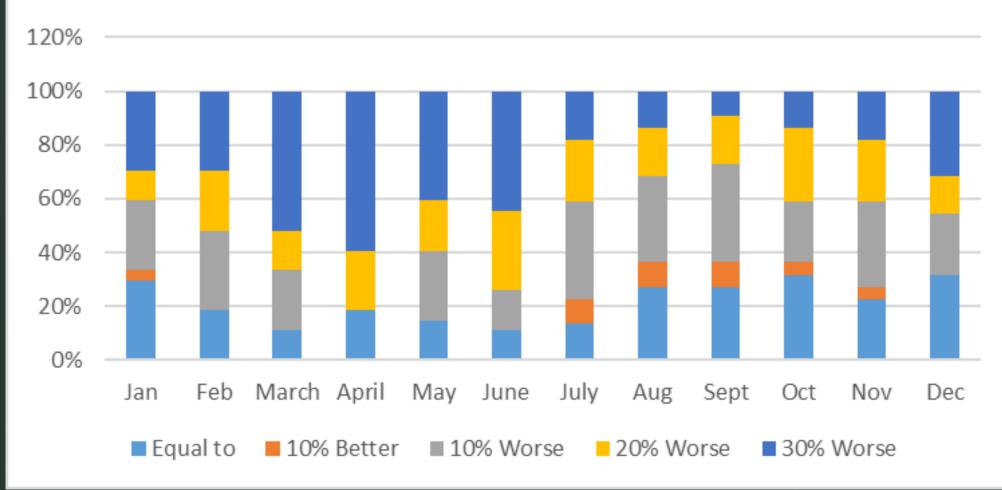
Published on January 22, 2023 — in Energy/News/coal

Cowboy State Daily

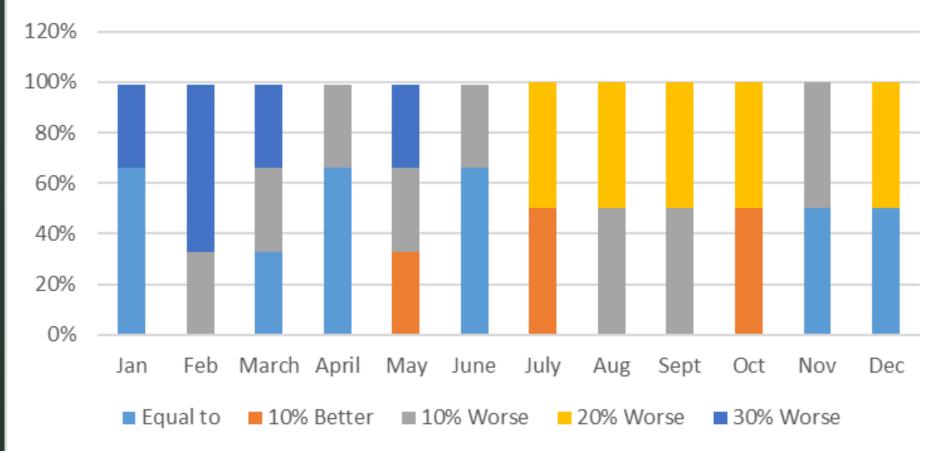
"...about 50 M tons of PRB production didn't happen due to lack of rail service..."

Wyoming coal mines produced an estimated 247 M tons in 2022...an increase of 10 M tons from 2021





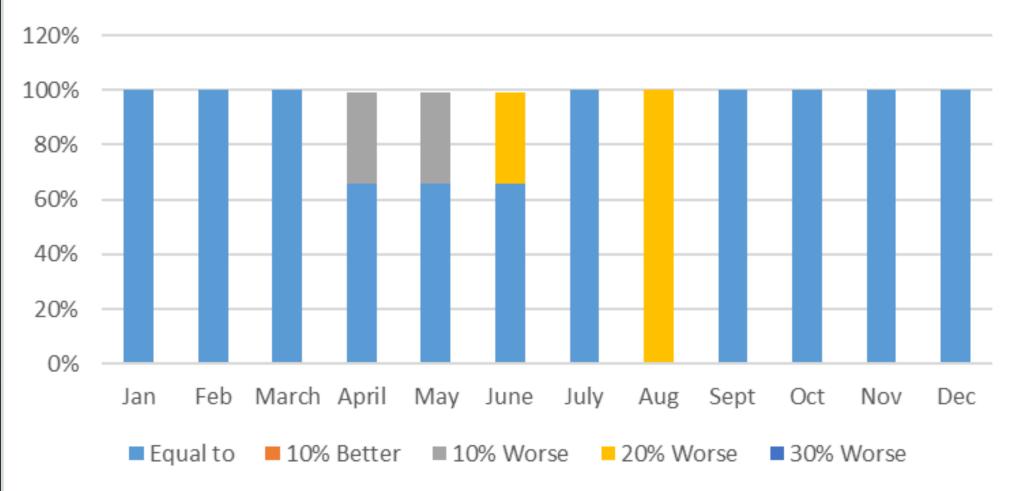












Key-Takeaways from the OTP Survey Results

- Utility forecasting for coal deliveries involves a great deal of planning and communication with Producers, Rail Carriers.
- Forecasts typically allow for some flexibility in deliveries.
- Utility Stockpiles already afford Rail Carriers a generous cushion in regards to on time deliveries of coal supply (not seen in the majority of other commodity groups)
- Coal deliveries continuing to trend 20% or 30% below monthly nominations. Resulting in:
 - Low stockpiles although improving but mostly due to mild weather
 - Coal conservation and unit curtailment many have had to implement conservation more than once
 - High operational costs for utilities to replace energy and added fuel and production issues
- Coal unit curtailment strategies mean the utility has essentially already run "Out of Coal"!
- Need better communication from RRs in meeting forecasts, more accountability & better reporting metrics

Shipper Quotes: Observations and Concerns

- Rail Service has been worse in Dec than it was earlier in 2022 and continuing into Jan-Feb 2023
- Empties sit on site several days waiting on RR crews. RR does not tell us when they will return our trains to service. No pro-active
 communication from RR anymore, they just do what they want & we find out when we see our trains not moving & call them about it.
- Poor federal fiscal policies have harmed US labor market and as a consequence RR Service
- Couldn't get additional trains in service and experienced longer train cycle times.
- We received 22% less coal in 2022 than in 2021 (and 2021 was less than 2020 and 2019)
- Still cannot get as many train sets on the rails as we desire.
- Cycle times have been near normal except for occasional weather delay.
- Shipments in 2022 fell short 27% of 2021. Minimal impact caused by supply availability...
- After some progress in Q 3 2022, RR Service degraded again in Q 4 after additional sets were parked
- Railroad service is getting worse!
- Curtailment efforts necessary. Had to extend annual outage over 2 weeks to conserve coal for higher forecasted market at year end.
- Had to curtail unit for over a month to conserve coal. Trip lease train was necessary to make up trips but increased our costs

Questions?



